

# Waste Treatment Costs for Non-Phosgenation Based Polycarbonate Production

PEP Review 2019-04 January 2020

### PEP Review 2019-04

## Waste Treatment Costs for Non-Phosgenation Based Polycarbonate Production

Ronald Smith, Director of Energy, Chlor-alkali, and Water

#### Abstract

This review provides definition and detailed analysis of waste treatment operations required to meet environmental discharge requirements for Asahi Kasei's non-phosgenation based polycarbonate (PC) process. The amount and compositions of all waste streams potentially generated by the PC process are considered with sizing and costing of treatment units for liquid, gaseous, and solid waste.

Wastewater treatment (WWT) typically accounts for 60–80% of total waste treatment capital requirements in most petrochemical conversion processes. In the present case, WWT costs amount to 71% of total fixed capital (TFC). While most of the liquid and gaseous waste chemicals are incinerated in this process, we find that the simple incineration system is inexpensive compared to the multi-section process required for WWT.

The waste treatment costs estimated herein are compared with the capital costs estimated for a PC process using Asahi Kasei's technology at a plant capacity of 260 ktpa. In this explicit analysis, we find that waste treatment accounts for 16% of total TFC for the PC plant. This result is within our less rigorous but traditional estimation guidelines, which have ranged from about 5 to 30% of TFC. But the waste treatment costs estimated in this explicit analysis are much higher than the traditional default estimate, which typically amounts to 5% of BLI and is often taken as the combined costs of liquid, gas, and solid waste treatment facilities for petrochemical plants.

# Contents

| 1 | Introduction  | 7  |
|---|---|----|
| 2 | Summary   | 9  |
| 3 | Waste treatment industry overview   | 11 |
|   | Liquid waste  | 11 |
|   | Industries generating liquid waste  | 11 |
|   | Common wastewater treatment methods   | 12 |
|   | Major providers of wastewater treatment systems and/or equipment                    | 13 |
|   | Gaseous waste   | 13 |
|   | Solid waste   | 13 |
|   | Phosgene-free PC production   | 13 |
| 4 | Wastewater treatment technology and operations overview                             | 16 |
|   | Process basics—BOD, COD, TOD, and TOC   | 16 |
|   | BOD, biochemical oxygen demand  | 16 |
|   | COD, chemical oxygen demand   | 16 |
|   | TOD, total oxygen demand  | 17 |
|   | TOC, total organic carbon   | 17 |
|   | Industrial wastewater treatment technologies  | 18 |
|   | Process utility water treatment facilities for boiler feedwater                     | 20 |
|   | Phosphorus treatment  | 23 |
|   | Chelant treatment   | 24 |
|   | Ion exchange, water demineralization, and water softening                           | 24 |
|   | Sodium zeolite softening operation  | 25 |
|   | Demineralization  | 26 |
|   | Salty water discharge   | 27 |
|   | Brine concentrators   | 28 |
|   | Process utility water treatment facilities for cooling tower water                  | 31 |
|   | 1) Evaporation  | 31 |
|   | 2) Drift  | 31 |
|   | 3) Blowdown   | 32 |
|   | 4) Basin leaks or overflows   | 32 |
|   | Side stream filtration  | 34 |
|   | Technology applications for cooling tower operations with side stream filtration    | 36 |
|   | Conditions for implementation of side stream cooling tower water filtration systems | 37 |
|   | Choosing the best process wastewater treatment system                               | 38 |
|   | Secondary process wastewater treatment systems                                      | 40 |
|   | How a biological wastewater treatment system works                                  | 41 |
|   | Activated sludge technologies   | 42 |
|   | Aeration  | 44 |
|   | Diffused aeration   | 44 |
|   | Surface aerators (cones)  | 45 |
|   | Pure oxygen aeration  | 45 |
|   | Fixed bed bioreactors   | 45 |
|   | Moving bed bioreactors (MBBRs)  | 46 |
|   | Membrane bioreactors (MBRs)   | 46 |
|   | Biological trickling filters  | 46 |
|   | Anaerobic wastewater treatment technologies   | 47 |
|   | Anaerobic sludge blanket reactors   | 47 |
|   | Anaerobic lagoons   | 48 |
|   | Anaerobic filter reactors   | 48 |

|   | Chemical versus biological wastewater treatment   | 49              |
|---|---|-----------------|
|   | System capacity   | 51              |
|   | Waste stream characteristics  | 51              |
|   | Effluent quality  | 52              |
|   | Solids waste abatement  | 52              |
|   | Sludge treatment and disposal   | 52              |
|   | Sludge management-wet air oxidation (WAO)   | 54              |
|   | Sludge dewatering<br>Vacuum filtration  | 54<br>55        |
|   | Centrifugation  | 55              |
|   | Sludge drying beds  | 55              |
|   | Heat drying beds  | 55              |
|   | Thermal reduction of sludge   | 55              |
|   | Land applications of sludge (as a fertilizer)   | 55              |
|   | Landfilling   | 56              |
|   | Sludge disposal—land application  | 57              |
|   | Thermal treatment and incineration  | 58              |
|   | Sludge disposal—incineration  | 58              |
|   | Circulating fluidized bed combustor technology  | 59              |
|   | Direct fluidized bed technology   | 59              |
|   | Liquid horizontal steam tube furnace incineration   | 60              |
|   | Ash disposal  | 61              |
|   | Catalytic incineration for air pollution control  | 61              |
| 5 | CO <sub>2</sub> based, non-phosgene production of polycarbonate   | 64              |
|   | Process chemistry   | 64              |
|   | Process features  | 65              |
|   | Monomer production process  | 66              |
|   | Ethylene carbonate (EC) production  | 66              |
|   | Dimethyl carbonate (DMC) and monoethylene glycol (MEG) production   | 66              |
|   | Diphenyl carbonate (DPC) production   | 67              |
|   | Solid state polymerization process  | 68              |
|   | Melt polymerization process   | 68              |
|   | Process attributes  | 69              |
|   | General description of PC process   | 69              |
|   | CO <sub>2</sub> purification section  | 69              |
|   | Ethylene carbonate section  | 69              |
|   | Dimethyl carbonate section  | 70              |
|   | Diphenyl carbonate section  | 71              |
|   | Polycarbonate section   | 72              |
|   | Main pollutants and sources   | 74              |
|   | Waste gases   | 74              |
|   | Wastewater  | 74              |
|   | Solid waste   | 74              |
|   | Basis for design and process discussion   | 74              |
|   | The polycarbonate process based on technology of Asahi Kasei<br>Waste treatment for the polycarbonate process | 75<br>76        |
|   |   |                 |
| 6 | Wastewater treatment artificial intelligence (AI) operations design model<br>Waste treatment economics        | 84<br><b>86</b> |
| U | Capital costs   | <b>8</b> 6      |
|   | Production costs  | 86              |
|   | Discussion  | 86              |
|   |   | 80              |

## Tables

| Table 2.1 Summary of process economics for treatment of waste from a phosgene-free PC plant  | 9  |
|--|----|
| Table 3.1 Existing and announced PC plants using melt non-phosgene technology                | 15 |
| Table 4.1 Examples of industrial end-of-pipe wastewater treatment approaches with pollutant/ |    |
| parameter control options  | 40 |
| Table 5.1 Polycarbonate process using Asahi Kasei technology—Design basis                    | 76 |
| Table 5.2 Waste treatment for the Asahi Kasei PC process—Design basis                        | 78 |
| Table 5.3 Waste treatment for the Asahi Kasei PC process—Influent and effluent streams       | 81 |
| Table 5.4 Waste treatment for the Asahi Kasei PC process—Major equipment                     | 84 |
| Table 6.1 Waste treatment for the Asahi Kasei PC process—Total capital investment            | 87 |
| Table 6.2 Waste treatment for the Asahi Kasei PC process—Capital investment by section       | 88 |
| Table 6.3 Waste treatment for the Asahi Kasei PC process—Production costs                    | 89 |

## Figures

| Figure 3.1 Implementation of phosgene-free PC production over time                    | 14 |
|---|----|
| Figure 4.1 Brine concentrator system  | 29 |
| Figure 4.2 Brine crystallizer   | 30 |
| Figure 4.3 Examples of cooling tower operations with side stream filtration process   | 35 |
| Figure 4.4 Conventional biological treatment process                                  | 43 |
| Figure 4.5 Diagrammatic representation of a sludge landfill                           | 56 |
| Figure 5.1 Block flow diagram of non-phosgenation process reaction sequence           | 64 |
| Figure 5.2 Coproduction of dimethyl carbonate and ethylene glycol                     | 66 |
| Figure 5.3 Unit process sequence to produce polycarbonate and ethylene glycol         | 67 |
| Figure 5.4 Reactive distillation for purification of MPC and DPC                      | 67 |
| Figure 5.5 Process flow schematic for the ethylene carbonate section                  | 70 |
| Figure 5.6 Process flow schematic for the dimethyl carbonate section                  | 70 |
| Figure 5.7 Process flow schematic for the diphenyl carbonate section                  | 71 |
| Figure 5.8 Process schematic of the melt monomer polymerization process to produce PC | 73 |
| Figure 5.9 Block flow schematic of wastewater treatment for a phosgene-free PC plant  | 80 |
| Figure 5.10 Block flow diagram of use of incineration in the waste treatment plant    | 80 |

| Glossary       |  |
|----------------|--|
| lb             | Pounds   |
| m              | Meters   |
| m <sup>3</sup> | Cubic meters   |
| М              | Thousand (prefix for English units), Mega (million prefix for metric units)            |
| MACFM          | Thousand actual cubic feet per minute  |
| MB             | Medium boilers   |
| MBBR           | Moving bed bioreactor  |
| MBR            | Membrane bioreactor  |
| MEG            | Monoethylene glycol  |
| MeOH           | Methanol   |
| Mgal           | Thousand gallons   |
| min            | Minutes  |
| Mlb            | Thousand pounds  |
| MLVSS          | Mixed liquor volatile suspended solids, weight per volume microbiological suspension   |
| mm             | Millimeters  |
| MM             | Million (prefix for English units)   |
| MMBtu          | Million British thermal units  |
| mol            | Moles  |
| mol%           | Molar percent  |
| MPa            | Megapascals  |
| MPC            | Methylphenyl carbonate   |
| MSCF           | Thousand standard cubic feet   |
| MSCFH          | Thousand standard cubic feet per hour  |
| MW             | Megawatts or Molecular weight  |
| NDIR           | Non-dispersive infrared, a type of sensor, used to measure carbon oxide concentrations |
| NTA            | Nitrilotriacetic acid  |
| OSBL           | Outside Battery Limits   |
| PC             | Polycarbonate  |
| PEP            | Process Economics Program  |
| PFD            | Process flow diagram   |
| PhOH           | Phenol   |
| ppb            | Parts per billion  |
| ppm            | Parts per million  |
| psi            | Pounds per square inch   |
| psia           | Pounds per square inch absolute  |
| psig           | Pounds per square inch gauge   |
| RO             | Reverse osmosis  |
| ROI            | Return on investment   |
| S, sec         | Second(s)  |
| SCF            | Standard cubic feet  |
| SCM            | Standard cubic meters  |
| Sq ft          | Square feet  |
| SRT            | Solids retention time  |
| STM            | Steam  |

| Glossary (continued) |                                 |  |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| TDS                  | Total dissolved solids          |  |
| TFC                  | Total fixed capital             |  |
| TKN                  | Total Kjedahl nitrogen          |  |
| TSS                  | Total suspended solids          |  |
| UASB                 | Upflow anaerobic sludge blanket |  |
| vol%                 | Volume percent                  |  |
| WAO                  | Wet air oxidation               |  |
| wt%                  | Weight percent                  |  |
| yr                   | Year                            |  |
| WWT                  | Wastewater treatment            |  |
| WWTP                 | Wastewater treatment plant(s)   |  |
| XLPE                 | Crosslinked polyethylene        |  |
| ZLD                  | Zero liquid discharge           |  |

#### **IHS Markit Customer Care:**

CustomerCare@ihsmarkit.com Americas: +1 800 IHS CARE (+1 800 447 2273) Europe, Middle East, and Africa: +44 (0) 1344 328 300 Asia and the Pacific Rim: +604 291 3600

#### Disclaimer

Disclaimer
The information contained in this presentation is confidential. Any unauthorized use, disclosure, reproduction, or dissemination, in full or in part, in any media
or by any means, without the prior written permission of IHS Markit Ltd. or any of its affiliates ("IHS Markit") is strictly prohibited. IHS Markit owns all IHS
Markit logos and trade names contained in this presentation that are subject to license. Opinions, statements, estimates, and projections in this presentation
(including other media) are solely those of the individual author(s) at the time of writing and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of IHS Markit. Writher IHS
Markit logos and trade names contained in this presentation in the event that any content, opinion, statement, estimate, or projection (collectively,
"information") changes or subsequently becomes inaccurate. IHS Markit makes no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness, or
timeliness of any information in this presentation, and shall not in any way be liable to any recipient for any inaccuracies or omissions. Without limiting the
foregoing, IHS Markit shall have no liability whatsoever to any recipient as a result of or in connection with any information provided, or any course of action
determined, by it or any third party, whether or not based on any information provided. The inclusion of a link to an external website by IHS Markit should not
be understood to be an endorsement of that website or the site's owners (or their products/services). IHS Markit is not responsible for either the content or
output of external websites. Copyright © 2019, IHS Markit<sup>™</sup>. All rights reserved and all intellectual property rights are retained by IHS Markit.

